

## **GRADUATE SCHOOL**



Université de Strasbourg



### What is IMCBio?



An unprecendeted training programme focused on Integrative Molecular & Cellular Biology, gathering:







- Cutting-edge technological ressources of 4 national infrastructures in Health Biology
- The insectarium I2MC, an equipment of excellence
- 4 host institutes (IGBMC, IBMC, IBMP, GMGM)

# RESEARCH TECHHNOLOGY TRAINING INNOVATION

### For whom?

Undergraduate or graduate students with a strong motivation for research & insterested in the different areas of biological sciences

## What for?

- A **high-level training programme** for Masters & PhD students
- Add-on training modules at Master level
- Additional internships in laboratories
- Summer schools for undergraduates & Master students

ith the joint support of the University of Strasbourg (Faculty of Life Sciences & Doctoral School **V** of Life and Health), the CNRS arepsilon the Inserm, this programme has a triple ambition to strongly link training to research, to enhance the thematic strengths of the Strasbourg site, and to contribute to its international visibility.

## hat is a Laboratory of Excellence (LabEx)?

Allowing the recruitment or retention in France of scientists of a very high level or high potential, the significant funding granted to these LabExes makes it possible

to increase scientific excellence and originality, the transfer of the knowledge produced and, by the same token, the international attractiveness of French research.

#### abEx INRT



The «Laboratory of Excellence» Integrative biology: Nuclear dynamics, Regenerative and Translational medicine (INRT). The INRT is driven by the Institute of Genetic and molecular Biology (IGBMC).

This programme explores mechanisms

of the regulation of gene expression in development, physiology, and disease by building upon the strengths of the IGBMC departments and on its emerging scientific research areas, by developing a cutting edge technology and support framework to tackle major questions of fundamental and clinical relevance.

#### abEx Mitocross



The Labex MitoCross is constituted by seven teams from three Strasbourg Institutes, the Molecular Genetics, Genomics, Microbiology (GMGM), the Institute of Plant Molecular Biology (IBMP) and the Architecture and Reactivity of the RNA, working on various aspects of mitochondrial research. They are also implicated in aging, incurable neuromuscular diseases & common

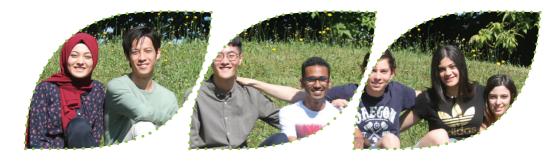
pathologies such as Alzheimer's disease or some cases of cancer and diabetes. The MitoCross aim is to deepen the knowledge of the molecular mechanisms governing mitochondrial biogenesis, genetics and cross-talk with the nucleus and to exploit this knowledge to understand biochemical mechanisms of mitochondrial dysfunctions, to envision agronomic applications and innovative therapies.

#### abEx NetRNA



The LabEx NetRNA gathers 12 teams from 3 CNRS units located at the Institute of Molecular and Cellular Biology (IBMC) and the Institute of Plant Molecular Biology (IBMP). The general objective is to gain fundamental knowledge on regulatory RNAs and their machineries that play key roles in stress-related and adaptive responses, immune

responses, host-pathogen interactions, and in human infectious diseases. The broad range of organisms (pathogens, plants, mammals, insects) allows to assess similarities and differences between regulatory RNA networks in various phyla or species. The consortium is based on shared conceptualization and broad collective expertise and on the use of sophisticated instrumentation.





labex-inrt.igbmc.fr Contact: directeur@igbmc.fr



## INRT consortium

«The Integrative biology: Nuclear dynamics, Regenerative and Translational medicine (INRT) LabEx is based on the four departments of the IGBMC» Bertrand Séraphin, Director of the IGBMC and coordinator of the INRT

## IGBMC DEPARTMENT OF **Translational Medecine** & Neurogenetics Biology

«Modelling human diseases to explain the main mechanisms implicated in the functioning of the nerve system and understand the molecular mechanisms responsible for the genetic diseases that affect the nerve system and the muscles» Hélène Puccio, Director of the Department



**RNA** diseases **Headed by Nicolas** Charlet-Berguerand

nicolas.charlet-berguerand@igbmc.fr

Study human genetic diseases due to expansions of tri-, tetra- or penta-nucleotide repetitions that are located in the so-called «non-coding» regions of the genome, mainly: myotonic dystrophy, tremor and ataxia syndrome associated with fragile X and amyotrophic lateral sclerosis.

Genetics & pathophysiology of neurodevelopmental & epileptogenic disorders Headed by Jamel Chelly jamel.chelly@igbmc.fr



Contribute to the advancement of scientific and medical knowledge in the field of neurodevelopmental disorders characterized by malformations of cortical development, epilepsies, intellectual disabilities and behavioral disorders, by combining large-scale genomic approaches and functional studies.

Regulation of cortical development in health & disease Headed by Juliette Godin juliette.godin@igbmc.fr

Interpret the pathological mechanisms involved in the development and progression of neurological disorders. Characterize the cellular and molecular mechanisms by which the cell center and the network of fibres called Microtubules and the centrosome, the organizing center, control the development of the cerebral cortex in both physiological and pathological conditions.

Study of copy number variants in autism spectrum disorders & their comorbidities



Understand how genetic variation can impact the development and homeostasis of the nervous system thanks to developed animal models and assays to study the impact of gene dosage defects on basic neurodevelopmental processes to: Discover genes and alleles that contribute to disease; Capture and validate genetic interactions (cis- and trans-modulators) and Identify genes implicated in autism spectrum disordersassociated comorbidities.

Physiopathology of aneuploidy, gene dosage effect & Down syndrome Headed by Yann Hérault yann.herault@igbmc.fr

Better understand the physiopathology of aneuploidies and other genetic diseases with Intellectual Disabilities, using mouse and rat models. Explore behaviour and cognition in models of other intellectual disabilities of genetic origin.

Pathophysiology of neuromuscular diseases Headed by Jocelyn Laporte jocelyn.laporte@igbmc.fr

Identify the genetic basis, better understand and validate therapeutic proof-of-concepts for rare neuromuscular disease, especially for congenital myopathies.

**Fundamental** & physiopathological mechanisms involved in hereditary ataxias Headed by Hélène Puccio helene.puccio@igbmc.fr

Study hereditary ataxias, neurodegenerative pathologies affecting the cerebellum and/or spinal cord, and more particularly recessive ataxias linked to two essential pathways of mitochondria: the biosynthesis of iron-sulfur centres (Fe-S) and the biosynthesis of coenzyme Q10 (CoQ10) and the dominant ataxia SCA7 linked to PolyQ expansion.

Genetic basis of cognitive disorders Headed by Binnaz Yalcin binnaz.yalcin@igbmc.fr



Combine human and mouse genetics, large-scale genomic approaches and functional studies, with the ultimate goal of deciphering the genetic causes of cognitive diseases associated with brain malformations and thus improving clinical diagnosis and treatment of patients.





labex-inrt.igbmc.fr Contact: directeur@igbmc.igbmc.fr

## IGBMC DEPARTMENT OF Functional Genomics & Cancer



**«Expression and preservation of genetic information:** deciphering the fundamental mechanisms governing gene expression»

Irwin Davidson, Director of the Department

Structural & functional basis of chromatin remodelling
Headed by Elisa Bergamin elisa.bergamin@igbmc.fr



Understand the mSWI/SNF complex at the molecular and atomic level through the combination of electron cryomicroscopy, X-ray crystallography, molecular biology and biochemistry.

Genome expression & repair Headed by Frédéric Coin frederic.coin@igbmc.fr



Study the mechanisms of aging and cancer in various cellular systems and animal models that are deficient in DNA repair and transcription, by using biochemistry, genetics and cell biology.

Regulation of gene expression in cancer Headed by Irwin Davidson irwin.davidson@igbmc.fr



Study how transcription factors and their cofactors such as chromatin remodeling complexes regulate gene expression during development, in physiological processes, oncogenic transformation and tumor progression, through high throughput genomics and at the single cell level.

Immune & neural
development
Headed by Angela Giangrande
angela.qiangrande@igbmc.fr



Chromatin & epigenetic regulation
Headed by Ali Hamiche
ali.hamiche@igbmc.fr

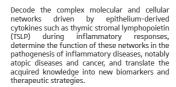


Investigate the role of histone variants and their deposition mechanism in epigenetic control of human genome activity, including the role of histone variants in gene regulation and genome integrity.

Hematopoiesis & leukemogenesis in the mouse Headed by Susan Chan & Philippe Kastner susan.chan@igbmc.fr philippe.kastner@igbmc.fr

Investigate how transcription factors control the development of hematopoietic stem cells into pluripotent progenitor cells and then into mature blood cells, a process called hematopoiesis. Understand how altering the function of transcription factors contributes to malignant cell formation.

Pathogenesis of inflammatory diseases Headed by Mei Li mei.li@iqbmc.fr



Retinoic acid signaling pathways driving stem spermatogonia differentiation Headed by



Combine innovative genetic, pharmacological and molecular approaches in mouse to study the cellular and molecular mechanisms underlying the ability of retinoic acid, the active metabolite of vitamin A, to promote the differentiation of spermatogonia and, more generally, stem cells in vivo.

Pathophysiological function of nuclear receptor signaling Headed by Daniel Metzger daniel.metzger@igbmc.fr

Study, under physiological and pathophysiological conditions, the functions and interdependence of signaling pathways that are regulated by various nuclear receptors in different organs.

Stochastic systems biology of gene regulation Headed by Nacho Molina nacho.molina@igbmc.fr



Measure protein-DNA interactions, posttranscriptional modifications of named histone proteins and the 3D structure of chromatin in the entire genome in populations and individual cells.

Protein networks and complexes regulating eukaryotic mRNA decay Headed by Bertrand Séraphin bertrand.seraphin@iqbmc.fr

Understand how mRNA decay contributes to regulated gene expression and how these mechanisms are upset in some pathologies including cancer and specific genetic diseases.

Spatial organization of the genome Headed by Thomas Sexton thomas.sexton@igbmc.fr



Determine if and how chromosome folding can influence transcription. To show how gene programs can be co-ordinately regulated or lead to diseases such as cancer, and also provide tools for gene therapy.

Molecular & cellular biology of breast cancer Headed by Catherine-Laure Tomasetto

catherine-Laure Tomasetto
catherine-laure.tomasetto@igbmc.fr
Understand at the molecular level the role of the

Understand at the molecular level the role of the mesenchymal factor, MMP11, in the progression of breast cancers. Characterize the function of genes amplified in breast cancer cells.





## **IGBMC DEPARTMENT OF Integrated Structural Biology**

«Mechanisms of gene expression, drug structure: understanding the fundamental mechanisms regulating the expression of genetic information in messenger RNA and protein» Patrick Schultz, Director of the Department



Structural biology of epigenetic targets Headed by Jean Cavarell iean.cavarelli@iabmc.fr



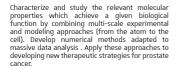
Understand the structure/function relationships of selected epigenetic targets at the atomic level. To decipher at the molecular level the mechanisms governing selected epigenetic processes by biophysical and structural means. Structure-driven developments of chemical tools to modulate the activity of our molecular targets.

Chemical biophysics of transcriptional signaling Headed by Annick Dejaegere annick.dejaegere@igbmc.fr



biophysical experiments crystallography, cryo-EM, SAXS, mass spectrometry, ITC) and numerical simulations (molecular dynamics simulations) to understand how chemical signals (ligands, post-translational modifications) affect the structure and dynamics of protein and protein-DNA complexes and how these changes are implicated in their regulation.

Nuclear magnetic resonance, molecular complexity & dynamics Headed by Bruno Kieffer bruno.kieffer@igbmc.fr

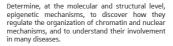


Viral oncoproteins & domain-motif networks Headed by Gilles Travé gilles.trave@igbmc.fr



Study viral oncoproteins (cancer-causing proteins) to describe the subversion of cellular functions by oncogenic viruses by generating quantitative and exhaustive information at two levels of analysis: atomic and interactomic.

Molecular basis of chromatin & transcription regulation Headed by Christophe Romier christophe.romier@igbmc.fr



**Chromatin stability** & DNA mobility Headed by Valérie Lamour & Marc Ruff valerie.lamour@igbmc.fr

marc.ruff@igbmc.fr

Decipher the molecular mechanisms governing the transport, processing and topological changes of nucleic acids. Our present targets are nucleoprotein complexes involved in retroviral DNA integration and eukaryotic DNA topoisomerases. We integrate structural data from high resolution (X-ray crystallography, NMR), medium resolution (CryoEM) with in vitro and in cellulo functional

Structural biology of molecular machines Headed by Helgo Schmidt helao.schmidt@iabmc.fr

Combine cryoelectron microscopy and x-ray crystallography to elucidate how the dynein motor produces force to generate movement and how it connects to and transports nuclei.

Architecture of nucleoprotein systems by 3D electron microscopy Headed by Patrick Schultz patrick.schultz@igbmc.fr

Decipher the three-dimensional organization and understand the functioning of molecular nanomachines involved in gene expression regulation and chromatin structure using electron cryomicroscopy to visualize isolated molecules in their native state.

Large complexes involved in gene expression Headed by Bruno Klaholz bruno.klaholz@igbmc.fr

Analyze the molecular mechanism of action of the bacterial and human ribosome in different structural and functional states during the formation of complexes with regulatory molecules (proteins, messenger RNAs) or inhibitors having important implications for human health, through integrative structural biology approach, including biochemistry, crystallography and highresolution cryomicroscopy.

Regulation of transcription Headed by Albert Weixlbaumer



Combine molecular biology and biochemistry with X-ray crystallography and single particle Cryo-EM to study the universally-conserved multisubunit protein enzyme RNA polymerase. RNA polymerase performs transcription, the first step in the expression of genetic information.



Ribosomes Headed by Marat Yusupov marat.yusupov@igbmc.fr

Study X-ray and cryo-EM structures mechanism of protein biosynthesis in bacteria, yeasts and humans, a process carried out by a large ribonucleoprotein complex: the ribosome.

Molecular basis for protein synthesis

by the ribosome Headed by Gulnara Yusupova qulnara.yusupova@iqbmc.fr

Acquire new structural knowledge on the mechanism of ribosome protein synthesis and the mode of action of ribosome inhibitors.









labex-inrt.igbmc.fr Contact: directeur@igbmc.igbmc.fr

## IGBMC DEPARTMENT OF Developmental & Stem Cell Biology



**«From cellular plasticity to regenerative medicine:** we study the fate and reprogramming of embryonic and adult cells as well as the signals and mechanisms that allow an organ to take its shape and function»

Gilles Charvin, Director of the Department

Single cell biophysics of growth & proliferation Headed by Gilles Charvin qilles.charvin@igbmc.fr



Combine yeast genetics and physical modeling with innovative biophysical assays to revisit the way a cell maintains its inner equilibrium.

Brain development & physiology Headed by Pascal Dollé pascal.dolle@igbmc.fr



Understanding the role of certain signals including those mediated by Vitamin A (retinoic acid) and its receivers during development and brain neurogenesis, and for the efficient functioning of neuron populations.

Differentiation & physiopathology of endocrine cells in the pancreas & intestine Headed by Gérard Gradwohl gerard.gradwohl@iolpmc.fr



Study the mechanisms that control cellular destiny, maturation and the maintenance of pancreatic and intestinal endocrine cells identity in normal and pathological situations.

Cellular plasticity & direct reprogramming in *C. elegans* Headed by Sophie Jarriault

sophie.jarriault@igbmc.fr



Exploring the mechanisms that make a specific cell capable of changing its identity whereas its seemingly identical neighbours are incapable.

Common mechanisms of development, cancer & aging Headed by Bill Keyes bill.keyes@iqbmc.fr



Investigating the cellular program of senescence, a process that can contribute to tissue development, regeneration and protection from cancer, but when misrelated causes raging and disease.

Nuclear organization & division Headed by Manuel Mendoza manuel.mendoza@igbmc.fr

Study cell division and differentiation, with a focus on how nuclear structures are reorganised in time and space during cell proliferation.

Stochastic systems of biology of gene regulation

Headed by Nacho Molina 
nacho.molina@iqbmc.fr

Measure protein-DNA interactions, posttranscriptional modifications of named histone proteins and the 3D structure of chromatin in the entire genome in populations and individual cells.

Molecular biology of B cells Headed by Bernardo Reina San Martin bernardo.reina-san-martin @iabmc.fr

Study molecular mechanisms driving antibody diversification, with a specific focus on the protein complexes involved in mediating AID targeting and in repairing AID-induced DNA damage *in vivo*.

Actin dynamics & biomechanics of the early embryo Headed by Anne-Cécile Reymann

anne-cecile.reymann@igbmc.fr

Study the assembly dynamics of the cell cortex (thin layer of actin filaments and molecular motors allowing cell shape control) in early C. elegans development, we aim to reveal how these properties are regulated and change over time to control early morphogenesis processes during the first few divisions of the C. elegans embryo.

Signal transduction in metabolism & inflammation Headed by Roméo Ricci romeo.ricci@igbmc.fr

Discover and understand the signaling axes of inflammation involving protein kinases and likely to have an important role in the mechanism of inflammation.

Cell physics Headed by Daniel Riveline daniel.riveline@igbmc.fr



Understand cellular motility and division as well as the shape of cells in tissues, by studying the dynamics of the cytoskeleton and the associated Rho signalling pathways.

Cell biology of genome integrity Headed by Evi Soutoglou evi.soutoglou@igbmc.fr



Investigate the most deleterious DNA breaks, named double strand breaks, in relation to the surrounding chromatin structure and nuclear architecture and test how this is related to their repair and their involvement in the formation of chromosomal translocations.

Cell cycle & ubiquitin signaling Headed by Izabela Sumara izabella.sumara@igbmc.fr



Ubiquitin-mediated control of cell division in health and disease.

Dynamics of chromatin structure & transcription regulation Headed by Läszlö Tora laszlo.tora@igbmc.fr



Identify and characterize transcription regulatory mechanisms, carried out by chromatin remodeling complexes, transcriptional coactivators, general transcription initiation factors and RNA polymerase II. Understand how deregulation of these highly controlled processes can lead to different pathologies.

Mechano-genetic interplays & embryonic morphogenesis Hedded by Julien Vermot julien.vermot@iqbmc.fr



Understand the relationship between mechanical stimuli and tissue organization during embryogenesis, especially during the development of the cardiovascular system.



## Labex MITOCROSS MIGHT

Contact: i.tarassov@unistra.fr

## MITOCROSS consortium

«Mitochondria are essential intracellular organelles responsible for respiration, ATPgeneration, ionic homeostasis, regulation of reactive oxygen species or apoptosis. Exploiting this knowledge and understand biochemical mechanisms of mitochondrial dysfunctions will allow us to envision agronomic applications and innovative therapies.» Ivan Tarassov, Coordinator of MITOCROSS



#### **Dynamics & plasticity** of the synthetases Headed by Hubert Becke

UMR 7156 GMGM



h.becker@unistra.fr

Explore the nontranslational roles of aminoacyltRNA synthetases and other essential tRNA-binding proteins. In yeast, study organellar and membrane-bound pools of these proteins that participate in metabolic sensing and respiration. In pathogenic filamentous fungi, their cell-wall remodeling activity is studied to identify antimicrobial resistance strategies. In human, mutants responsible for severe diseases by loss- or gainof-function are studied in yeast models and from patients' samples.





Decipher the structure/function relationships of macromolecules forming the translation machinery in healthy as well as under pathological contexts. Focuses are made on mitochondrial aminoacylation systems [tRNAs and aminoacyltRNA synthetases (aaRSs)], using approaches combining mainly biochemistry, molecular and cellular biology, and bioinformatics.

#### Intracellular traffic of RNA & mitochondrial diseases

**Headed by Nina Entelis** & Ivan Tarassov

UMR 7156 GMGM n.entelis@unitra.fr I.tarassov@unistra.fr

Focus on RNA-protein interactions in mitochondria and on different aspects of the phenomenon of targeting macromolecules (essentially RNAs) into this organelle. Understand these mechanisms to exploite development of new gene therapy approaches of human mitochondrial diseases. Human and murine and yeast cells are used as models and structural, imaging, genetic, biochemical and functional approaches are used.

#### Maintenance & expression of the plant mitochondrial genome Headed by Jose-Manuel

Gualberto UPR 2357 IBMP

jose.qualberto@ibmp-cnrs.unistra.fr

Study the recombination pathways and factors that modulate the structural plasticity and transmission of the plant mitochondrial genome, to better understand mitochondrial genome replication and segregation; to investigate the effects of genetic instability induced by recombination mutants on mitochondrial gené expression and plant development; to develop tools to promote mitochondrial genetic variability and segregation of valuable traits in crop plants.

#### Intraspecific variation and genome evolution

Headed by Joseph Schachere UMR 7156 GMGM

schacherer@unistra.fr

Elucidate the genetic basis of the awesome phenotypic diversity observed in natural a remaining major challenge in populations, biology. In this context, we marry classical but high-throughput genetic methods with new approaches based on population genomics to connect the phenotypic and allelic landscape by taking advantage of the powerful budding yeast model system.

#### Metabolism and traffic of RNA in plant cell Headed by Laurence Drouard

& Anne-Marie Duchène-Louarn UPR 2357 IBMP

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Understand better the molecular mechanisms linked to translation and involving mRNA trafficking and metabolism. First, study the mitochondrial translation machinery and the mitochondrial gene expression in the green alga Chlamydomonas reinhardtii. Second, elucidate the molecular mechanisms allowing cytosolic mRNA targeting and localized translation at the surface of plant and mammals mitochondria.

#### Functions of PPR proteins Headed by Philippe Giege UPR 2357 IBMP

philippe.giege@ibmp-cnrs.unistra.fr

Study gene expression mechanisms in plant mitochondria, more specifically on PPR proteins, a major class of RNA binding proteins. The team identified PPR proteins carrying the 5 'rRNA RNase P activity as well as ribosome-associated PPR proteins for mitochondrial translation. The results obtained open up a wide range of applications from plant breeding to human health.











labex-ibmc.u-strasbq.fr/NetRNA Contact: p.romby@ibmc-cnrs.unistra.fr

## **NetRNA** consortium



«Networks of Regulatory RNAs across kingdoms and dynamical responses to biotic and abiotic stresses»

Pascale Romby, Coordinator of NetRNA since 2016 & Eric Westhof from 2011 to 2016

tRNA Biology and pathogenesis Headed by Magali Frugier UPR 9002-ARN, IBMC m.frugier@ibmc-cnrs.unistra.fr

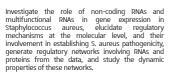


Investigate the influence of host/pathogen interactions on the synthesis and cotranslational folding of Plasmodium (parasite responsible for malaria) proteins, with emphasis on the molecular mechanisms involved in the import and role of host tRNAs in the development and virulence of parasites.

Non-coding RNAs and viral infections Headed by Sébastien Pfeffer UPR 9002-ARN, IBMC s.pfeffer@ibmc-cnrs.unistra.fr

Explore the importance and regulation of RNA silencing mediated by microRNAs and other small RNAs during viral infection in cultured cells, mice and patient samples with a specific focus on how microRNAs themselves are regulated and the interplay with other innate immunity signaling pathways.

Bacterial messenger RNAs & regulatory RNAs Headed by Pascale Romby UPR 9002-ARN, IBMC p.romby@ibmc-cnrs.unistra.fr



Digital biology of RNA Headed by Michael Ryckelynck UPR 9002-ARN, IBMC m.rvckelvnck@ibmc-cnrs.unistra.

Set-up and use ultrahigh-throughput analytical pipelines exploiting droplet-based microfluidics in tandem with next generation sequencing to: i) develop new RNA-based fluorescence imaging tools, ii) finely characterize RNA-based regulatory mechanisms and iii) perform single-cell resolution gene expression monitoring (especially noncoding RNAs).

#### RNA-based antiviral immunity in drosophila and vector insects

Headed by Jean-Luc Imlei UPR 9022-M31, IBMC jl.imler@ibmc-cnrs.unistra.fr

Explore the interactome of Dicer-2, R2D2 and AGO2 in drosophila cells infected by different types of viruses, investigate the post-translational modifications in the regulation of the molecular complexes assembled around these molecules. and monitor antiviral RNA interference using live imaging. Responsible of a novel Equipment of Excellence Insectarium (EquipEx I2MC).

Antiviral immunity in Aedes Mosquitoes Headed by Ĵoao T. Marques UPR 9022-M31, IBMC itm@ufmq.br

Dissect the biology of virus-host interactions in Aedes aegypti mosquitoes to: (i) characterize mechanisms such as RNA interference that contribute to resistance or susceptibility to arbovirus infection in mosquitoes, (ii) identify the natural virome of Aedes mosquitoes and determine its impact on vector competence, and (iii) manipulate antiviral mechanisms to generate mosquitoes that are resistant to arboviruses.

The role of RNAs in the selectivity of the Drosophila innate immune response

Headed by Nicolas Matt UPR 9022-M31, IBMC n.matt@unistra.fr

Decipher the complex regulatory network underlying the innate immune response in Drosophila, analyze the epigenetic mechanisms involved in the control of the transcriptional selectivity of NF-kB induced target genes focusing on the roles of non-coding RNAs in transcriptional regulation and selectivity of the innate immune response in Drosophila.

RNAi and receptors Headed by Carine Meignin UPR 9022-M3I, IBMC c.meignin@ibmc-cnrs.unistra.fr

Investigate how RNA viruses in Drosophila are recognized by the endonuclease Dicer-2, identify the antiviral complexes in opposite to RNAi pathway, and monitor the dynamics of the antiviral innate immunity using live imaging.

Mechanisms of small RNA biogenesis and action Headed by Todd Blevins UPR 2357, IBMP

todd.blevins@ibmp-cnrs.unistra.fr

Investigate how multisubunit RNA polymerases distinguish aenetic parasites retrotransposons and endogenous retroviruses) from essential host genes in plant chromosomes, allowing the synthesis of small-interfering RNAs and the targeted silencing of repetitive DNA by repressive chromatin modifications and DNA methylation.

Role of ubiquitin in cellular regulation

Headed by Pascal Genschik UPR 2357, IBMP

pascal.genschik@ibmp-cnrs.unistra.fr

Investigate post-translational regulations that control RNA silencing machinery in the model plant Arabidopsis thaliana in normal and stress conditions. The work focuses on Argonaute proteins post-translational modifications, and aims to define the molecular components and machineries triggering AGO1 degradation and to determine their physiological functions.

RNA degradation in plants Headed by Dominique Gaaliardi

UPR 2357, IBMP dominique.gagliardi@ibmp-cnrs.unistra.f

Investigate mechanisms of RNA substrate recognition by the degradation machinery in the plant model Arabidopsis thaliana, and determine the impact of non-canonical polyadenylation and uridylation in controlling activity and stability of mRNAs, non-coding RNAs, and viral RNAs.

RNA degradation pathways and RNA viruses Headed by Damien Garcia

UPR 2357, IBMP Damien.Garcia@ibmp-cnrs.unistra.fr

Explore the influence of plant RNA decay factors on infections by RNA viruses, focusing on the role of the Non-sense Mediated Decay pathway (NMD) and other factors associated to plant Processingbodies, to discover novel modulators of viral compatibility and restriction in plants.







## AN EXCITING SCIENTIFIC ENVIRONMENT

## 4 national infrastructures in biology and health

## phen@min

www.phenomin.fr



www.celphedia.eu





www.ingestem.fr



www.france-genomique.org

## **Equipment of excellence**

the insectarium I2mc

The CELPHEDIA PHENOMIN-ICS ( Clinical Mouse Institute) infrastructure provides a complete range of specific services to the scientific community for using mouse models to progress in the functional diagnosis of the human genome and to better understand human diseases, their physiological and pathological bases.

FRISBI is an infrastructure for integrative structural biology approaches, from the molecular to the cellular level, integrating multiresolution data from X-ray crystallography, small angle

X-ray scattering, NMR, Cryo-EM and functional data including development for protein expression and crystallization.

INGESTEM is an infrastructure in biology and health for therapeutic innovations based on induced pluripotent stem cells (iPS) and human tissue engineering. Their

ambition is to use the major potential of cell reprogramming techniques to generate human pathology and regenerative medicine models.

FRANCE GENOMIQUE is a national infrastructure that shares the resources of the main French platforms in genomic data production and analysis, which are strategic

technologies in all areas of life sciences research. It offers the scientific community cutting-edge expertise in genomics and associated bioinformatics.

The Insectarium for Molecular and Cellular Infectiology (I2MC) is an equipment of excellence that includes a high biosecurity insectarium to study the interactions

between pathogens such as the Plasmodium falciparum parasite (malaria agent), the Dengue virus and the mosquitoes transmitting them to humans.

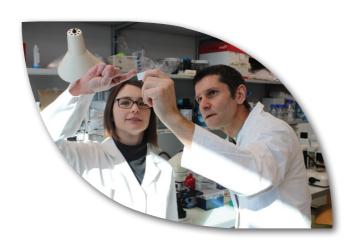
## REGISTRATION PROCESS

#### At Master level

- 1<sup>st</sup> stage: Online registration in the Master course of your choice in the Faculty of Life Sciences, via E-Candidate:
  - sciencesvie.unistra.fr/scolarite/ admissions-2018-2019
- 2<sup>nd</sup> stage: Check your wish to include the IMCBio Graduate School in your wish list when applying online
- 3<sup>rd</sup> stage: End of June, selection of candidates for admission to the Master's degree

- 4<sup>th</sup> stage: Audition of candidates admitted to Master's degree & pre-selected for admission to the programme
- 5<sup>th</sup> stage: Mid-July, selection of candidates for promotion 2018-2019 September 2018, first promotion of the IMCBIO 2018-2019

At Doctoral level: Starts in 2019



# Apply now!



#### Heads of project:

Bertrand Séraphin, DR CNRS, Director of the IGBMC Nicolas Matt, MCU Unistra, IBMC





























